TECHNICAL DATASHEET



VI - LEVE

STABILIZER

VI - Leve is a enzymatically treated inactivated yeast.

ORGANOLEPTIC FEATURES

Appearance	powder
Colour	light brown
Scent	characteristic

FEATURES

VI - Leve is a coadjunct to be used as an alternative to or in synergy with natural lees in the sur lies phase.

Due to the enzymatic activation adopted for its production, VI - Leve quickly releases mannoproteins, therefore shortening maturation on lees.

With only 3-4 weeks of treatment, VI - Leve reduces the risk of microbial pollution and appearance of off-flavors. VI - Leve also:

- Increases wine colloid stability
- Enhances sensations of volume and mouthfeel
- Reduces astringency
- Increases aromatic cleanliness
- Improves aromatic persistency

VI - Leve is produced with an aromatically neutral raw material; therefore, the formation of sulfide compounds during the sur lies phase is less likely with VI - Leve than with natural lees.

Additionally, at the end of treatment, wine still has its original fresh and fruit aromas.

APPLICATIONS

White, rosé and red wines:

- Increase mouthfeel
- Increase aromatic persistency
- Increase tartrate and protein stability
- Decrease reductive characters and increase aromatic cleanliness
- Promote malolactic fermentation
- Second fermentation of sparkling wine:
- Increase mouthfeel
- Regular and consistent fermentation
- Prevention of reductive character appearance

PACKAGE

2,5kg bags.

CONSERVATION

Sealed package: store in cool, dry, well-ventilated area.

Open package: carefully reseal and store as indicated above. Use quickly.

- Product conforms to Codex Œnologique International.
 Product approved for winemaking, in accordance with: Regulation (EU) 2019/934 and subsequent amendments
- This document is based on the manufacturer's technical datasheet.

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APPLICATION ADVICE

RECOMMEN	DED DOSE	HOW TO USE
WHITE AND ROSÉ WINE MATURATION	20 – 30 g/hL	Rehydrate VI - Leve in an appropriate amount of water for 30 minutes and incorporate uniformly into the mass.
red wine maturation	30 – 50 g/hL	During treatment (3-4 weeks), weekly pumping over or batonnage is required to increase contact of VI - Leve with the wine.
Second Fermentation	5-20 g/hL	At the end of treatment, separate wine from VI - Leve by racking.

i	Dosage can vary according to the variety, vintage, duration of treatment and temperature of wine.
i	Laboratory trials are recommended to determine the proper dosage.